

# Lecture-3

## 1-HTML Attributes.

An attribute is used to define the characteristics of an HTML element and is placed inside the element's opening tag.

- **Align Attribute.**

```
<p align="Left ,right, center"></p>
```

- **Title Attribute.**

```
<h3 title="Hello HTML!">Titled Heading Tag Example</h3>
```

- **Class Attribute.**

```
<p class="className1 className2 className3"></p>
```

- **Style Attribute.**

```
<p style="font-size:25px; color:red;"></p>
```

## 2-HTML<head> Elements.

The **<head>** element is a container for metadata (data about data) and is placed between the <html> tag and the <body> tag.

HTML metadata is data about the HTML document. Metadata is not displayed.

Example-

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title>Page Title</title>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

The content of the document.....

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

## HTML<meta>Tag.

The <meta> tag provides metadata about the HTML document. Metadata will not be displayed on the page, but will be machine parsable.

1-Keywords.

```
<meta name="keywords" content="HTML, CSS, XML, XHTML, JavaScript">
```

2-description.

```
<meta name="description" content="Free Web tutorials on HTML and CSS">
```

3-Author of the page.

```
<meta name="author" content="John Doe">
```

4-Refresh page every 5 second.

```
<meta http-equiv="refresh" content="05">
```

5-make your web page look good on all devices like mobile, tablet laptop, desktop etc.

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
```

### 3-Nested HTML Elements.

```
<h1>This is <i>italic</i> heading</h1>
```

```
<p>This is <u>underlined</u> paragraph</p>
```

### 4-HTML Formatting Elements/Tags ?

- **Bold Text.** (to make text bold.)
- **Italic Text.** (to make text italic.)
- **Underline text.**(to make text underline.)
- **Strike Text.** (to make line through the text.)<strike></strike>
- **Superscript Text.** <sub></sub>
- **Subscript Text.** <sup></sup>
- **Delete Text.** (to delete text. Line through the text.)
- **Large Text.** (to make text larger.) <big>....<big>
- **Monospaced Font.** (To give equal width of every font.) <tt>monospaced</tt>

- **Smaller Text.** (to make text smaller.)<small>.....</small>

## Lecture-4

### 5-HTML Comments.

```
<html>
<head>  <!-- Document Header Starts -->
<title>This is document title</title>
</head> <!-- Document Header Ends -->
<body>
<p>Document content goes here.....</p>
</body>
</html>
```

- **Invalid Comment.**

```
<html>
<head>  <!-- Document Header Starts -->
<title>This is document title</title>
</head> <  !-- Document Header Ends -->
<body>
<p>Document content goes here.....</p>
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

- **Multiline Comment.**

```
<html>
```

```
<head>  <!--  
Document Header Starts  
Document header section  
Document header section
```

```
Document header section
```

```
-->
```

```
<title>This is document title</title>
```

```
</head> <!-- Document Header Ends -->
```

```
<body>
```

```
<p>Document content goes here.....</p>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```